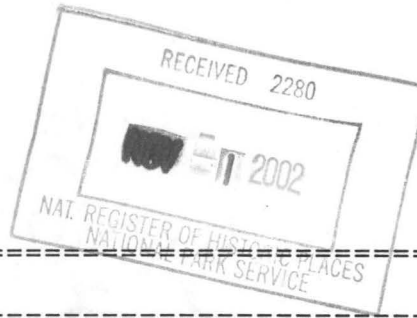


1505

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
REGISTRATION FORM



1. Name of Property

historic name Albertson, Eli and Sidney Teeter, House

other names/site number Crissman Orchards, Grant Residence

2. Location

street & number 4480 Sheldon Road not for publication
city or town Oakland Township vicinity _____
state Michigan code MI county Oakland code 125
zip code 48306

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1986, as amended, I hereby certify that this nomination _____ request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property meets _____ does not meet the National Register Criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant _____ nationally _____ statewide locally. (_____ See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

[Signature]
Signature of certifying official

10/22/02
Date

Michigan State Historic Preservation Officer
State or Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property _____ meets _____ does not meet the National Register criteria. (_____ See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Signature of commenting or other official

Date

State or Federal agency and bureau

=====

6. Function or Use

=====

Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)

Cat: <u>DOMESTIC</u>	Sub: <u>Single Dwelling</u>
<u>AGRICULTURE</u>	<u>Outbuilding</u>
<u>AGRICULTURE</u>	<u>Agricultural Field</u>

Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)

Cat: <u>DOMESTIC</u>	Sub: <u>Single Dwelling</u>
<u>DOMESTIC</u>	<u>Secondary Structure</u>

=====

7. Description

=====

Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)

Mid-Nineteenth Century

Materials (Enter categories from instructions)

foundation	<u>STONE</u>
roof	<u>ASPHALT</u>
walls	<u>WOOD: Weatherboard</u>
other	<u>BRICK</u>
	<u>WOOD</u>

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

=====

8. Statement of Significance

=====

Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing)

- A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield information important in prehistory or history.

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 7 Page 1

Albertson House
name of property
Oakland, Michigan
county and State

=====
Located on the northwest corner of Sheldon and Snell roads in Oakland Township, the Albertson House stands on a 4.9 acre remnant of an earlier farm. The house is a two-story frame mid-nineteenth century farmhouse with additions. Fronting on Sheldon Road to the east, the main structure is a rectangular, side-gabled, two-storied building five bays wide across the front and two deep. It has a centered front gable, a one-story entry porch, and a bay window to the south. A series of connected one-story additions run to the west of the main structure. The entire structure has a fieldstone foundation, with clapboard siding, decorative wood trim, and an asphalt-shingled roof. The house is placed on the southeast corner of the lot and surrounded by mature trees, with a low stone wall enclosing the property on the south and east. A large barn is situated west and slightly north of the main house. The property is in excellent condition, with very few alterations made to the main structure since its construction.

The property is roughly rectangular in shape. The house is located on the southeast corner of the property, but set back from both Sheldon and Snell roads. The barn is situated slightly north and west of the house, with a modern in-ground swimming pool to the south of the barn. Outbuildings known to be present at an earlier period, including a henhouse and a milkhouse, are no longer standing, and no foundations remain. An asphalt driveway runs from Sheldon Road along the north side of the house, curving around the east and north sides of the barn. A second driveway is located farther north on the property and runs parallel to the main drive, with connecting drives near the house and the barn. A low stone wall, constructed by the current owners, bounds the property along Sheldon and Snell roads, pierced by wooden gates at the drives and the front of the house. A wooden privacy fence extends from the rear of the house along the south side of the pool.

The majority of the property is landscaped with grass and mature trees. Maple trees surround the house on the north, east, and south sides, probably dating from the mid-nineteenth century, and are planted in straight lines. A black spruce stands in front of the house, offset from the porch, and may be the remaining tree of a pair of 'pioneer pines' dating from the early settlement of the property. Younger pine trees also dot the landscape, and low shrubs and bushes are planted in beds surrounding the house.

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 7 Page 2

Albertson House
name of property
Oakland, Michigan
county and State

An enormous oak tree once stood at the roadside directly in front of the house, and the stone wall was curved in that area to accommodate the tree. The oak recently died and only the stump remains. Rows of pines shield the property from the road and the adjoining property on the east and north. To the west of the house and barn, the property has not been landscaped, and heavy brush and trees cover the land. A stream that now runs only in the spring is located in this area, extending from Snell Road north to the adjoining property. A few apple trees dating from the Crissman Orchards period still grow in this area.

The main structure is a five-bay, two story I-house dating from the mid-nineteenth century. The house is rectangular in plan, measuring 18 ½ by 40 feet, with an open entry porch on the east side and a bay window projecting from the south wall. A fieldstone foundation constructed of local stones and mortar ingredients encompasses the less than full height basement. Visual investigation from the basement and attic suggests that the house is timber-framed with hewn beams rather than the balloon framing more common in later nineteenth century houses. The exterior is clad in cedar and pine clapboards. On the main façade, double-hung, two-over-two windows of equal size on both the first and second floors are arranged symmetrically around a central axis that consists of the front door and entry porch on the first floor, a larger window on the second floor, and a centered cross gable. Similar windows also occupy the bays on the north and south sides of the building, with the exception of the pentagonal bay window projecting from the middle of the south wall on the first floor.

Small vents are located in the gables, with two each on the sides and one on the front. The steeply pitched side-gabled roof originally was covered with wood shingles, but is now surfaced in a modern asphalt shingling. Brick chimneys rise from the roof on the gable ends of the building.

Decorative wood trim accents the house. The flat-roofed entry porch has stickwork support posts with panels between the sticks displaying hearts, circles, and teardrops. Pairs of scrolled brackets run along the frieze of the porch roof and also decorate the angle between the support posts and frieze. The entry door has one rectangular and two octagonal wood panels in the lower portion with round-head vertical lights in the upper portion.

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 7 Page 3

Albertson House
name of property
Oakland, Michigan
county and State

These lights originally held etched glass. The door is flanked by rectangular, three-quarter length sidelights and topped by a glass transom in the form of a flattened ogee arch. Pedimented hoods with decorative appliqué trim adorn the windows, and paired brackets run along the cornice line. The windows of the bay window are separated by square columns supporting paired brackets under the low-pitched roof.

The interior of the house has a central hall with one room to either side on the first floor. To the south is the parlor, while the master bedroom now occupies the north room. Openings in each room and in the hall lead to the rear addition. In the hall, a carved wooden banister supports a straight flight of stairs on the north wall. Brackets in the same style as the cornice brackets decorate the open string of the stair. On the second floor, the north bedroom occupies the entire depth of the house, but the south side has been divided into two rooms, with a bathroom currently occupying the western half. At the head of the stairs, a small door allows entrance into the loft of the rear addition. The interior is finished with wood floors and plaster walls and ceilings. The baseboards and door and window casings are of wood. On the first floor, curved wooden ogee molding surrounds the archway leading to the bay window. The first floor ceilings are decorated with elaborate plaster cornice moldings, while the second floor moldings are simpler. There are no fireplaces in the building, as coal stoves were used from its construction until the conversion to central heating. The second floor rooms have chimney flues beginning halfway up the wall, which are no longer in use.

Few changes have been made to the main structure. The original wood shingle roof has been replaced with a modern asphalt shingle roof, and historically sensitive storm windows were installed on the exterior. On the interior, a door was installed in the master bedroom to provide access to the closet under the stairs in order to provide more storage space, and the southwest room on the second floor was converted to a bathroom in the 1950s. These and any other minor alterations have been done with sensitivity to the historic fabric, and as a result the nineteenth-century portion of the building retains a great deal of historic integrity.

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 7 Page 4

Albertson House
name of property
Oakland, Michigan
county and State

Attached to the western side of the main house is a rectangular one-and-one-half-story addition. Parts of this addition are actually older than the main house. The original structure on the property was a circa 1830s one-room cabin, probably built by the first owner of the property. Originally measuring 18 by 24 feet, all that remains of the original cabin is the fieldstone foundation and the hand-hewn timber framing, which has been exposed on the interior. Extensively altered through the years, this portion of the house now extends approximately one foot beyond the main structure on both the north and south sides. Modern stone foundations carry the extensions. The exterior is clad in pine clapboards similar to those on the main structure. On the west side, the second-story wall is stepped out and surfaced with wooden shingles, with a gabled cut-out to accommodate the window and the roof of the adjoining breezeway.

The gabled roof, set at right angles to the roof of the main house, is covered with asphalt shingling. On the south slope, two gabled dormers pierce the roof line, while two glass skylights are located on the north slope. A brick chimney rises from the center of the addition. Modern casement windows are located on the north and west elevations, while the south elevation, originally an open porch with stickwork support posts similar to those on the entry porch, has been enclosed with three sets of sliding glass doors.

The interior of the addition has an open floor plan. A bathroom and kitchen occupy the north half, while a living room, extending into the enclosed porch, takes up the southern half. A narrow open stair winds up from the kitchen to the loft area above the southern half, which is open on one side and overlooks the kitchen. The original hand-hewn beams of the circa 1830s cabin are exposed in the kitchen and loft area.

Extending from the addition is a narrow breezeway connected to a garage. Both are one-story structures with gabled roofs, the roof of the breezeway being slightly lower than that of the garage and the addition. Built of modern platform framing, both the breezeway and garage date from the 1950s. They are covered in clapboard and modern asphalt shingling to match the appearance of the main house. The north elevation has a door and double-hung window, while two casement windows are located on the south elevation. The garage has two swing-up type garage doors on the north elevation with a regular door to one side.

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 7 Page 5

Albertson House
name of property
Oakland, Michigan
county and State

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The original barn on the property, also thought to be constructed in the 1830s, was a 32 by 42 foot gabled structure built to the west of the original cabin. Oral tradition suggests that the barn was built by local carpenter Samuel Tower, who built many of the early barns in the area. The original barn had hand-hewn timber framing. Later, an addition was built onto the barn on the east side, bringing it to its present size of 32 by 76 feet. The new portion also had timber framing, this time saw-milled, as evidenced by the reciprocating saw marks still visible on the beams.

When the farm property was sold out of the family, the land on which the barn stood was sold separately, and for many years the barn was not part of the main property. In 1979, the current owners purchased that land, re-joining the barn and several of the original acres to the house. At that time the barn was structurally unstable. The owners reinforced and re-sided the barn, and converted the eastern portion into an office and studio.

In its current configuration, the barn is a gabled structure with a lean-to addition on the rear. A three-quarter length, one-story porch is attached to the gable end on the east. Entry doors are located on the east and north elevations, with a roll-up garage door set into the center of the north wall and a barn-type sliding door located on the north side of the lean-to. Sliding windows are placed asymmetrically on the first floor of the north side and on the first and second floors of the east and south sides. The exterior is clad in shiplapped wooden siding, except the eastern half of the south wall, which has clapboard siding.

The interior of the barn is divided into three sections. The eastern portion has been converted into office space, with a second floor for work and storage areas. The interior is finished with plank ceilings, wood-paneled walls, and wooden or carpeted floors. The center section, the earliest part of the barn, remains open to the ceiling, while to the rear the lean-to addition is only one story. These areas also have wood-paneled walls, but the floor is of poured concrete. Like the 1830s portion of the house, the post and lintel framing has been left exposed in the barn.

Criteria Considerations (Mark "X" in all the boxes that apply.)

- A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B removed from its original location.
- C a birthplace or a grave.
- D a cemetery.
- E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- F a commemorative property.
- G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)

ARCHITECTURE

Period of Significance 1856 - 1882

Significant Dates c. 1856

Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)

N/A

Cultural Affiliation N/A

Architect/Builder N/A

Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 8 Page 6

Albertson House
name of property
Oakland, Michigan
county and State

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Statement of Significance

The Eli and Sidney Teeter Albertson House is a rare Victorian example of the I-house form in Oakland Township. The I-house was more characteristic of the pioneer-era (1830s to 1850s) domestic architecture of Oakland County and southeastern Michigan than of the region's later nineteenth-century architecture. House forms such as the I-house and New England Large, commonly found in the township's and county's surviving early architecture, reflect the New England and New York state origins of a majority of the area's early nineteenth-century settlers. The Albertson House, with its bracketed trim, appears to represent a later, Victorian-era continuation of one of the area's early characteristic house forms.

Historical Background and Significance

In 1819, the first parcels of land in Oakland Township were sold, and by the late 1820s and early 1830s, a steady stream of immigrants was settling the township. On May 15, 1833, the parcel of land on which the Albertson House now stands was purchased direct from the government by Martin Coleman and his wife Mary. While there is no direct evidence for the date of construction, the existence of hand-hewn timber beams in house and barn suggests that Coleman constructed the original structures not long after the purchase of his property. There were no sawmills in the vicinity until 1836, so Coleman, like many other pioneer settlers, probably built his cabin using hand-hewn logs felled from his 160 acre property. The fieldstones for the cellar were most likely local, while mortar analysis indicates that the mortar was mixed from local sand from the nearby Paint Creek. The amount of work involved, and the need to also clear land in order to plant crops, necessitated a simple one-room structure with a sleeping loft. The framing for this structure is now exposed on the interior, giving a general idea of the proportions of the original building.

In 1845, Martin Coleman transferred 80 of his 160 acres, which included the existing structure, to Zenas Coleman, probably his son. Zenas Coleman, in addition to farming 80 acres, became the first pastor of the new First Baptist Church in nearby Rochester in 1855. Zenas resigned in 1857, and Martin took over as pastor from 1859 until his death in 1861.

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 8 Page 7

Albertson House
name of property
Oakland, Michigan
county and State

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In 1856, Zenas and Naomi Coleman sold their 80 acres to Eli Albertson and his wife, Sidney Teeter Albertson. Between their acquisition of the property and Eli Albertson's death in 1882, the Albertsons constructed extensive additions to the original cabin, including the current main structure. By this time, the township and its support industries were well-established, and the farm appeared to be productive enough that the Albertsons could afford to build a more elaborate farmhouse.

Although a number of vernacular houses from the mid-nineteenth century survive in the area, the Albertson House is a relatively rare example of a decorated I-house form in Oakland Township. The I-house is one of several house types common to nineteenth-century vernacular housing in southeastern Michigan, including the New England Large, gable front, upright and wing, and the basilica plan or "hen and chicks." The side-gable house forms - the hall and parlor, one-and-one-half cottages, I-house and New England Large - are most common in the area's pre-Civil War architecture, with few built after the 1850s. These house types were often "dressed" in Greek Revival decorative elements such as wide frieze boards, cornice returns, and corner pilasters. What sets the Albertson house apart from earlier examples is its wealth of Victorian trim.

In the mid-nineteenth century and later, the abundance of wood and the development of wood-working machinery led to greater availability of sawn wooden trim. It was relatively inexpensive to "dress up" a plain house with wooden brackets and appliques. In Oakland Township, such wooden trim is seen primarily on Gothic Revival and Italianate houses. The decorative elements on the Albertson House have much in common with those of the Gothic Revival houses at 2725 Clarkston Road and 575 Letts Road. While different in form, these houses have steeply pitched gables, flattened ogee arches, stick work porches, and spiral brackets very similar to those of the Albertson House. It may be that a local carpenter produced the decorative elements for these houses and others that have not survived.

The Albertsons' farm prospered for nearly 30 years, and their daughters married into well-known local families. After Eli Albertson's death in 1882, the farm eventually passed to his youngest daughter Carrie May and her husband Harvey Crissman. They planted apple trees on the 80 acres, and the farm became known as Crissman Orchards, with the produce being sold locally and at the Eastern Market in Detroit.

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 8 Page 8

Albertson House
name of property
Oakland, Michigan
county and State

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In 1949, most of the 80 acres were platted into lots, bearing the name 'Crissman subdivision', and sold off for development. While only a few orchard trees remain on the nominated property, many survive on the new lots, and rows of them can still be seen from the road as one passes up Sheldon. After 1949, ownership of the house passed out of the family, although the property is still known by the Crissman name to local residents. Subsequent owners made extensive alterations to the additions and the landscape, but all have respected the historic character of the main house.

Today, the setting for the house remains rural, but encroachment from nearby Rochester is not far away. Despite a century and a half of change all around, the main house remains as a well-preserved example of Victorian vernacular architecture in Oakland Township. Its appearance and fabric retain an excellent degree of historic integrity. Although the original cabin and its additions have seen extensive alterations over time, the owners have always attempted to harmonize with the main structure through the use of similar materials and consistent colors, and to minimize the impact on the historic façade. The current owners are dedicated to the preservation of the building, and during their tenure have rejoined the land with several of the surrounding acres from the original property.

=====

9. Major Bibliographical References

=====

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

- Previous documentation on file (NPS) NONE
- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested.
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # _____
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # _____

Primary Location of Additional Data

- State Historic Preservation Office
- Other State agency
- Federal agency
- Local government
- University
- Other

Name of repository: Rochester, Michigan Public Library

=====

10. Geographical Data

=====

Acreage of Property 4.9

UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet)

	Zone	Easting	Northing	Zone	Easting	Northing
1	<u>17</u>	<u>325920</u>	<u>4733230</u>	3	_____	_____
2	_____	_____	_____	4	_____	_____
	<u>See continuation sheet.</u>					

Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 9,10 Page 9

Albertson House
name of property
Oakland, Michigan
county and State

Bibliography:

Beers Atlas of Oakland County, Michigan. Beers and Co., 1872.

Durant, Samuel, History of Oakland County. Philadelphia: L. H. Everts and Co., 1877.

Kelly, Delta and Barbara Kandarian, eds. Heritage of Oakland Township. Rochester, MI: Oakland Township Historical Society, 1976.

Seeley, F.H. History of Oakland County, Michigan. Vols. I and II. New York: Lewis Publishing Co., 1912.

Sickels-Taves, Lauren. 'Architectural Analysis of the Grant Residence and Barn.' From 'The Coleman Legacy.' Unpublished manuscript, 1980.

Verbal Boundary Description:

The property consists of two adjoining parcels and is bounded on the north by lot 9 of the Crissman Orchards Subdivision, on the east by Sheldon Road, on the south by Snell Road, and on the west by the adjoining property. The legal descriptions of the parcels are as follows:

Parcel A (including house and barn): Township 4 North, Range 11 East, Section 26. Part of the northwest quarter beginning at the center of the section line, thence N 89-57-25 W 493.20 feet, thence N 00-55-00 W 229.10 feet, thence S 89-01-00 E 493.60 feet, thence S 00-52-00 E 221 feet.

Parcel B: Township 4 North, Range 11 East, Section 26. Crissman Orchards Subdivision, Lot 10.

Verbal Boundary Justification:

The boundary includes the entire property held by the current owners of the historic house and barn. All of the land was part of the original farm as it existed during the tenancy of the Colemans, the Albertsons and the Crissmans.

=====
11. Form Prepared By
=====

name/title Ruth E. Mills
organization Consultant date 2 August 2002
street & number 7228 Flamingo telephone 810-794-9609
city or town Algonac state MI zip code 48001

=====
Additional Documentation
=====

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.
A sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage
or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

=====
Property Owner
=====

(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)

name Dr. Ralph M. Grant
street & number 4480 Sheldon Road telephone _____
city or town Rochester state MI zip code
48306

=====
Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for
applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate
properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list
properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is
required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic
Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).
Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is
estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including the time for reviewing
instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the
form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this
form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service,
P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and
Budget, Paperwork Reductions Project (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503
=====

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION

PROPERTY NAME: Albertson, Eli and Sidney Teeter, House

MULTIPLE NAME:

STATE & COUNTY: MICHIGAN, Oakland

DATE RECEIVED: 11/01/02 DATE OF PENDING LIST: 11/22/02
DATE OF 16TH DAY: 12/08/02 DATE OF 45TH DAY: 12/16/02
DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:

REFERENCE NUMBER: 02001505

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N
OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N
REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N

COMMENT WAIVER: N

ACCEPT RETURN REJECT 12/12/02 DATE

ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

Entered in the
National Register

RECOM./CRITERIA _____

REVIEWER _____ DISCIPLINE _____

TELEPHONE _____ DATE _____

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N



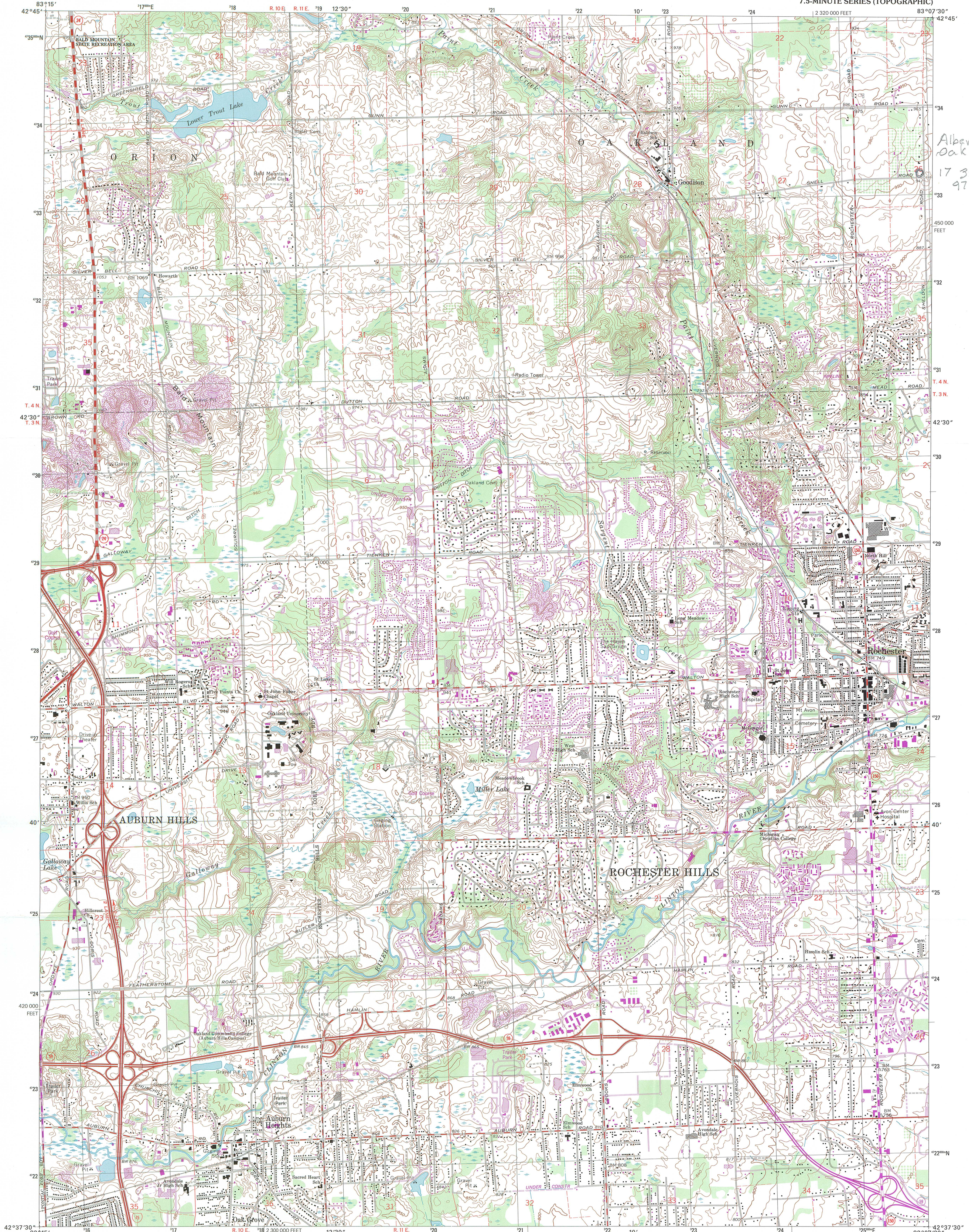






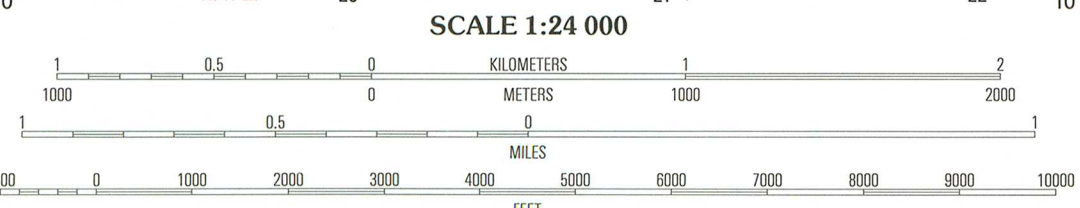
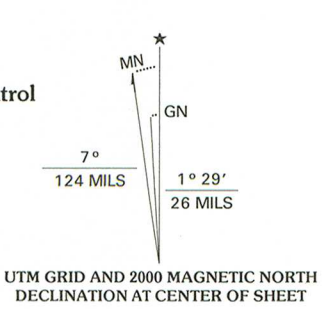


4480



Albertson House
Oakland Co., MI
17 325920
9733230

Produced by the United States Geological Survey
Topography compiled 1967. Planimetry derived from imagery taken 1981 and other sources. Photoinsppected using imagery dated 1997; no major culture or drainage changes observed. PLSS and survey control current as of 1968. Boundaries, other than corporate, revised 2000
North American Datum of 1927 (NAD 27). Projection and 10 000-foot ticks: Michigan coordinate system, south zone (Lambert conformal conic)
1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid, zone 17
North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83) is shown by dashed corner ticks. The values of the shift between NAD 27 and NAD 83 for 7.5-minute intersections are obtainable from National Geodetic Survey NADCON software
There may be private inholdings within the boundaries of the National or State reservations shown on this map
Information shown in purple may not meet USGS content standards and may conflict with previously mapped contours



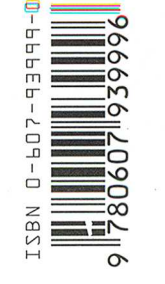
ROAD CLASSIFICATION

Primary highway hard surface	Light-duty road, hard or improved surface
Secondary highway hard surface	Unimproved road

— Interstate Route
 — U.S. Route
 — State Route

1	2	3	1 Oxford
4	5	6	2 Lake Orion
7	8	7	3 Romeo
		8	4 Pontiac North
			5 Utica
			6 Pontiac South
			7 Birmingham
			8 Warren

ROCHESTER, MI
1997
NIMA 4369 II NW-SERIES V862



CONTOUR INTERVAL 10 FEET
NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM OF 1929
TO CONVERT FROM FEET TO METERS, MULTIPLY BY 0.3048

THIS MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS
FOR SALE BY U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, P.O. BOX 25286, DENVER, COLORADO 80225
AND GEOLOGICAL SURVEY DIVISION
MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES, LANSING, MICHIGAN 48909
A FOLDER DESCRIBING TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST





State of Michigan
John Engler, Governor

Department of History, Arts and Libraries
Dr. William M. Anderson, Director

State Historic Preservation Office

Michigan Historical Center
717 W. Allegan Street
P.O. Box 30740
Lansing, MI 48909-8240
517/373-1630

October 22, 2002

Ms. Carol D. Shull, Keeper
National Register of Historic Places
National Park Service
1201 Eye Street, N. W., 8th Floor
Washington, DC 20005

Dear Ms Shull:

Enclosed are national register nomination materials for the Eli and Sidney Teeter Albertson House in Oakland County, Michigan. This property is being submitted for listing in the national register. No written comments concerning this nomination were submitted to us prior to the submission of this nomination to you.

Questions concerning this nomination may be addressed to Robert O. Christensen, National Register Coordinator, by phone at 517/335-2719 or by e-mail at ChristensenRO@michigan.gov.

Sincerely yours,

Brian D. Conway
State Historic Preservation Officer

BDC:roc

